STATE OF MICHIGAN

STATE BOUNDARY COMMISSION

PUBLIC HEARING

Thursday, April 26, 2007 at 4:00 p.m.

Loomis Lodge

142 Croton Drive, Newaygo, Michigan 49337

Docket Number 06-AR-1

The State Boundary Commission will conduct a public hearing on
THE PROPOSED ANNEXATION OF CERTAIN TERRITORY LOCATED
IN GARFIELD TOWNSHIP TO THE CITY OF NEWAYGO

KENNETH VERBURG

State Boundary Commission Chairperson

CAMERON PRIEBE

State Commissioner

NORMAN OCHS

Local Commissioner

VINCENT KEMPERMAN

Local Commissioner

CHRISTINE HOLMES

Boundary Commission Manager

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STATE BOUNDARY COMMISSION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Opening Comments from State Boundary Co	ommissioner VerBurg 3
COMMENTS FROM CITY OF NEWAYGO	
Robert Buchanan Ron Armstrong Rich Blachford	8 1 4 4 3
COMMENTS FROM GARFIELD TOWNSHIP	
George Suchy	24
COMMENTS FROM PUBLIC	
Douglas Day Pat Hedlund Bruce Reiffer Charles Benham Scott Faulkner Andy Lofgren Libby Cherin Kenneth Beerman Dorothy Webber	25 26 28 31 35 36 40 42

Newaygo, Michigan

Thursday, April 26, 2007

At 4:00 p.m.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. Now is the time set for a public hearing on the City of Newaygo on Docket 06-AR-1, a petition proposing the Annexation of Certain Territory in Garfield Township to the City of Newaygo.

I would like to call the roll. State Com. Cameron Priebe.

STATE COM. PRIEBE: Here.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Local Com. Norman Ochs.

LOCAL COM. OCHS: Here.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Local Com. Vincent Kemperman.

LOCAL COM. KEMPERMAN: Here.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: And my name is Ken VerBurg. I'd like you to know that Ruth Ann Jamnick, who is a member—State member was not able to make it today, but she will get a copy of the transcript of this meeting. And if she testifies at the next—at the adjudicated meeting, that she's read the transcript and she's qualified to vote on this—on this matter.

Also with us today is Christine Holmes, who is the manager of the State Boundary Commission. And to let you know that today's public hearing is being held in compliance with

the State Boundary Commission Act and its Rules.

The petition for the proposed annexation was filed with the State Boundary Commission by the City of Newaygo on September 22, 2006.

At a regular Commission meeting held in Lansing on January 18, '07--

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can you speak louder? They can't hear you apparently.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Oh, are you having difficulty hear-hearing me--are you having difficulty hearing me?

[No Verbal Response]

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. I'll do it again. The Boundary Commission approved the legal sufficiency of this petition. All property owners within 300 feet of the property petitioned for annexation received individual notice of this public hearing so that they would have opportunity to comment and give us your opinions about the proposed annexation.

I would like to call now on Ms. Holmes for any comments that she might have.

MGR. HOLMES: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. First of all, the green sheets that were at the sign-up table, that's if you wish to speak. If you signed up and change your mind, when the Chairman calls on you, you can just respectfully decline. You'll also have the opportunity, as the Chairman will explain, to submit your comments up to 30 days following

today's hearing. And then also, at that sign-in table and your township and city offices, this bright gold sheet gives all the information you need to submit comments to the Commission to be considered on the record. The mailing address, the docket number, our fax, our e-mail, anything that the deadline, which is May 29th.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: I'd now like briefly to explain the procedure by which we will conduct this public hearing.

Anyone present who wishes to make remarks to the Commission will have the opportunity to do that. The first part of the hearing is reserved for presentations by the directly involved parties. And that would be the City of Newaygo and Garfield Township. Each party is allotted—is allotted up to 20 minutes in which to make comments and/or a presentation to the Commission. And after those presentations, the two parties will have an opportunity—another 10 minutes probably to rebut any comments that they would like to rebut. And they do not have—they're not required to use those 20— and 30-minute—or 10-minute periods, but I'll—I'll do that if they do. And you can quit earlier than that if they'd like.

And then the second part of the hearing will be a time when the general public will be invited to step forward and address the Commission. Each person who wishes to speak during this time will be allotted probably about three minutes

each, depending on how many want to-want to speak. And we ask that the members of the general public who wish to speak, and have not yet signed their name on the sign-in sheet, we'd like you to do that so when the time comes, we can call your name. And I'd like you to print those, rather than sign it, so I can get a chance to check your penmanship and see if I can-and the test is, can I pronounce your name the way you intended it.

Then the third part will be a time for--for the Commission to have an opportunity to ask questions of anybody that they might wish to address.

We'd like you to remember that you should address your remarks to the Commission and also let you know that no decision will be made on this case today. The purpose of the public hearing is only for the Commission to receive input from the interested parties. And I just wanna reiterate that the opportunity for the public to submit written comments to the Commission on this docket will remain open for 30 days following the date of this public hearing. The postmark date, as—as Ms. Holmes indicated, is Tuesday, May 29th. And the orange sheets give you the information on where to send that.

And then within two months after the closing of the 30-day public comment period, all material received at the public hearing and during the 30-day material will be indexed and mailed to the designated representatives of the involved

parties. So there's a couple of iterations in here, so we've got today members may rebut some comments. And then there's the 30-day material, and then there's a seven-day period when people may comment on that 30-day material. So there's a couple of opportunities to make sure that your perspective is seen properly.

Also we'd like you to know that material submitted or testimony received after the 30-day period will not be made part of the record, except for the rebuttal period received during that seven-day period.

Consideration, deliberation and final action by the Boundary Commission will occur in approximately three to four months at the regular meeting of the Commission in Lansing. The involved parties will be contacted before we schedule the docket to make sure that they will be mailed the information and can attend if they so choose.

The first Commission meeting will be held--will involve consideration of the reasonableness of the proposed annexation based on the criteria in Section 9 of the Boundary Commission Act. This adjudicative meeting will entail a deliberation on the record of proceedings, and the Commission will determine a recommendation on whether to approve or deny this annexation.

At a subsequent adjudicative meeting, the Commission will adopt a formal summary of proceedings, findings of fact and conclusions of law that will incorporate the Commission's

recommendation of either approval or denial. And then a final order, which—which will be accompanied by the summary of proceedings and will be transferred to the director of the Department of Labor and Economic Growth for his signature.

His—that signature then will make this order effective on the date of the director's signature. So we're looking at late summer until we can bring closure on this—final closure on this docket.

Now we'll proceed with the public hearing. I'd like to emphasize that all speakers, that to all speakers, in order

Now we'll proceed with the public hearing. I'd like to emphasize that all speakers, that to all speakers, in order for the commissioners, the staff and all present to hear your comments, please stand close to the microphones and speak loudly, clearly and directly into it. Also be sure to face the Commission, which is where your remarks are to be addressed. Also please be sure to clearly state your name, your interest—the interest you represent.

We'll start off then with--with the representatives for the City. And I'll call on the--on the Petitioner--the representative from the City. And I believe that's--is that Mr. Buchanan, are you going to start this off?

MR. BUCHANAN: [no verbal response]

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: So Robert Buchanan, you're up.

MR. BUCHANAN: Thank you, Mr. VerBurg. I'm Robert
Buchanan, assistant city attorney. And participating in this
discussion today, to my immediate left is Ron Armstrong,

mayor; Rich Blachford, the city manager. Over at the computer is deputy city manager and city clerk, Jon Schneider. To my right is Laurie Kelly, assistant city attorney. And then Cliff Bloom is the city attorney.

I'll be referring to the Riverbank project. And the members of the public know about that, but for your benefit, we're going to try to paint that with a broader brush in a minute with Mayor Armstrong's remarks. But suffice it to say, that it is the intended project for this annexed property and it includes a lodge, condominium and public river edge walkway in a planned unit development setting.

I'd like to start by going through the 18 criteria for you. And one of the things that we look at when we look at the population, the density, the land area, the annexed area is not densely populated. It will constitute, when it's added to the city, about three percent of the area of the city. Its land use is currently zoned residential by the township. The future use will be compatible planned unit development used as condominiums, a lodge and a barrier-free public trail. There will be a future for other mixed uses, such as commercial and retail that are not possible under the township's present zoning.

Here is a look at the assessed evaluation of the annexed area to the city's total SEV. The point that I think needs to be made is there have been instances in the past where the

city has had to route utilities around islands at great expense. And the comparative increase of taxes to the residents of this area will be modest compared to the savings of routing utilities directly into the project. One of the things that I think is to be drawn from this is to look at population density, population area and assessed evaluation.

The conclusion I draw is that the annexed area is relatively underdeveloped and could benefit economically and the whole region benefit economically by the project and the availability of the city's utilities. The topography, you noticed as you came into town, the Muskegon River runs through the city. It's a very prominent feature of the city and is really one of the great natural resources of the state, but it's also what makes this city in this area very unique. The city is also on the north side of the river. This piece is on the south side of the river. So it will be on both sides of the river.

The annexed area currently is an island. It's not accessible from the township. I'll show you in a future slide what I mean. The annexed area is ideally suited to the Riverbank project given that there's a high bank. The walkway will be down at the water's edge, but the project will be up on the high bank overlooking the vista of the river. The walking trail will enhance the public's enjoyment of the river in an environmentally friendly way. It's a buffer between the

project and the river. The availability of city sewer will be an environmental enhancement so we're not dependent on septic systems. This is the Muskegon River. You saw it as you came into town. It's maybe not as bright as it could be. This is the area we're talking about, right in there. And there is just a little piece in the water by which it is connected to the township. So that's what I mean when I say by not accessible.

The boundary history is that this had been originally part of the Village of Newaygo. When the city was incorporated and land transferred to the city in 1969, for some reason it was not included. And the reason for that, frankly, is unclear. The east boundary line splits a residential lot. The Riverbank project is not available without annexation. The city has the zoning tools. It has the planned unit development in its zoning ordinance, which will be utilized here. It's able to extend city streets. This is at a stub of Main Street. And it will be extended through. The city has available water and sewer. Gas and electric will come through the city. And there have been alternatives to this annexation through a 425 agreement that was in cooperation with the township.

This is a picture of the existing walking trail, just to kind of give you an idea of--of the tranquil nature of it. It will be connected to parks and overlook pods next to the

river. Garfield Township is not presently able to furnish or maintain roads, utilities or public services. And city policies prohibit the extension of city utilities outside the city. The township could not, for example, extend the walking trail on its own. So--and the annexed area is landlocked by th city.

Now the township has sent a letter, received on April 18th. It will be in the record. And I'd like to read it in the record with Mr. Suchy's permission:

Dear Rich, the Garfield Township Board does not contest the annexation of certain properties on the end of Main Street and will fully cooperate with the City of Newaygo on this matter, as we have been working together for the betterment of the city and surrounding areas. These properties are at the end of a dead-end road and landlocked by the city. And it makes sense that they should go to the city, as they will be better served. The city and the township agree that at certain times it is better to proceed with annexation—annexation, to expedite a project for the betterment of our community. So we, as a board, wish the city luck in this endeavor and stand behind them 100 percent.

The probable effects on the cost of services--while the Riverbank project will not be a burden on the schools because of the nature of its use and will be financed without the need

for tax abatements. The project, as with any economic development activity, will enhance revenue for the benefit of the city, the school district, the township and the county. The developer will pay for the extension of the utilities.

Now, the city has the superior ability to provide and maintain these services, as we've talked about before. And the waste water treatment, for example, is very close by to the project.

This will be a new source of tax revenue. The public will be able to enjoy the trail, parks and lookouts along the Muskegon River. And this will be for everybody. This presents economic opportunity for this area. In Michigan right now it's kind of a rare commodity. And it will provide jobs. The Riverbank project is wholly compatible with the beauty and tranquility of the area. The residential and resort features are compatible with—with the zoning, both existing, and the planned unit development. It extends the city's park and trails through the Newaygo County Recreational Authority.

So in conclusion, I think that the annexation meets the goals established by the Boundary Commission, actually established by statute. It eliminates an island and straightens boundaries. It provides for the furnishing of utilities and services. It enhances public recreation and environmental stewardship. And lastly, it's just a unique opportunity to achieve smart growth at a time when this state

dearly, dearly needs it.

1.

With that, I'd like to turn it over to Ron Armstrong.
CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Mr. Armstrong.

MR. ARMSTRONG: Yes, sir. One of the things that I'd like to go over with you is a little bit of history in regards to the [unclear] proper planning and development. The governor in—in land use in Michigan entered an executive order in 2003. Governor Granholm ordered creation of the Land Use Leadership Council. The council's charge was to study Michigan's land use patterns and make recommendations for improvements. Among other things, great needs to stop outward migration of population, which is causing much damage to the environment and putting tremendous strain on the efficient provisions of public service.

You'll notice here, which of course you can't read very well, but I'll give you some of the names. In this land use leadership council there were 26 members including former Attorney General Frank Kelley, former Governor William Milliken. There were members of the—of the Michigan Environmental Nature Conservancy, the executive director of Michigan Land Use Institute, director of the Farm Bureau, directors of History, Arts, Environmental Quality, Natural Resources, Labor and Economic Development, Department of Transportation, as well as Agriculture.

I think it's important to point this out because this is

exactly what they were hoping to have happen in the future with land use. What the experts were saying is this,

Number 1, create a range of housing opportunities and choices.

Create walkable neighborhoods, encourage communities and stakeholder collaboration, foster distinctive attractive communities with a strong sense of place. Make development decisions predictable, fair and cost use effective. Mix land uses. Preserve open space, farm land, natural beauty in critical environmental areas. Provide a variety of transportation choices. Strengthen and direct development towards existing communities. And take advantage of compact development design.

2.4

The [unclear] action when we talk about this land use in our area involves several leaders and groups, including West Michigan Strategic Alliance, The Grand Valley Metro Council, Michigan Economic Development Corporation, MSHDA, Michigan State Housing Development Authority, the Fremont Community Foundation, as well as the Muskegon River Watershed Assembly.

I received a letter from the Muskegon River Watershed Assembly. And I'd just like to read part of it. And I'll give a copy of this to you for your records so it will be in its entirety:

The Muskegon River Watershed Assembly generally supports the proposed annexation due in part to that the city's sewer and water services will be offered to the

annexed area adjacent to the Muskegon River, thereby eliminating septic systems and individual wells that would and could negatively impact the river's water quality and ground water influence. Future development in the annexed area should benefit the city services as opposed.

In addition, the MRWA is available to help review future development plans to enhance proposed projects, environmental compatibility with the river and the local areas. We think that a collaboration has been an important part and aspect of this property. And we have been working together with the townships on this and other projects in regards to annexation and—and 425 agreements for the future betterment of our community.

The reason I show you this picture here is you will notice that this particular piece right here, this is a copy of the page of our city's new master plan, which was actually adopted two years ago. And you'll notice that this property in question right now has been in the city's master plan. And it is in the plan in accordance with the intended use by the new developers. We wanted to show you that because this was discussed and talked about and reviewed by the township at the time that this was put into the master plan. It made sense because of its being in--in--in proximity to the river and to the expansion of the future development of the city. So I

wanted to share that with you.

3.

Secondly, you'll notice this piece that is just to the south and west. This is a piece that in April of 2006, which is also part of the same project, same property owner and—and is part of the development that was worked out with the township. Why annex this to the city? There are four general reasons.

First of all, it is a virtual island and isolated, as you've heard before. The township cannot provide the--the services and utilities. The city's services will provide better environmental protection and economic development and growth. Last but not least, certainly, the land is an island, first of all. And you can notice it here again. You can notice that the city is not only located off to the east side and to the south side, but this north side here you'll notice, it is from this edge. This is also all the City of Newaygo, just to let you see that. The river is a major barrier for the township to be able to supply any services to anyone who is going to do any development on the project.

This is just another close-up view of that particular piece of property and where the lines are at. You'll notice the city services. The city is able to offer all the sewer services you see on the left the township basically is able to offer. They do have a master plan. They do have a police department that is taken care of through the sheriff's

department and we do share fire protection. But other than that, the rest of the services can only be provided by the city.

We talked a little bit about wasted infrastructure costs. It's a little bit hard to see, but the blue lines that you can see through here, these are the current water lines that come up directly to the property line. This in here is the—the projected area. You'll notice that the water lines come right to the edge, as well as through the water lines on this end down here and—and the sewer. Optimally, when any project is done like this, it is going to make sense to run the water line through this area, as well as sewer, and loop the services in the projected area. And that is a very important part of our particular project here.

I wanted to just go through a couple of minutes with you to share with you a little bit. I think it's important for those on the State Boundary to hear a little bit about what the history of Newaygo and where we've come from. It's all about choices. And the one thing that I always think is important about—about the American people is our ability to reinvent ourselves. Our ability to look at what is today and be able to handle the change of what needs to be tomorrow. And we're able to adapt to those changes.

I think it's important to note because 150 years ago this city was founded because of the river, on the river, and was

used for logging purposes primarily. And that was where the thriving city came from and went through for the first 30 or so years of the city's existence. Only the logs ran out. The city had a choice at that time. And the choice was to reinvent itself in some way or die.

The city chose to reinvent itself and it went into manufacturing. You have the Rowe Manufacturing, which was located here in Newaygo. There were a row of houses where people did manufacturing. And basically manufacturing, as was the day during the 1900s. As you know, when we move forward into 1960s or so, we begin seeing a change. Services, strip malls, and we began to see downtowns begin to die.

We also saw a change in the 1960s and 1970s where almost every small town, if you think about it, ended up having a small industrial park because that was the future. If you had an industrial park, you could bring industry to your town to provide local jobs so they didn't have to transfer. And it would maintain those cities. We did get one of those industrial parks. And throughout the '80s and '90s we added over 1,000 jobs to the area. We also extended some of our industrial areas. And we experienced during the '90s 30-percent growth. Newaygo County was one of the fastest growing counties in the state during those years. But at the same time, our downtown was dying, as were many downtowns throughout the state of Michigan.

And when I became mayor in--in the late 1990s and around 2000, I only did it for one purpose. And that was to come up with new ideas to be able to, not only save our downtown, but to make Newayoo take that turn and continue on in the future.

When Rich came in it was like two bulls in a china cabinet between the two of us as far as trying to--to provide some vision and direction for our city to move forward. And we did that. To give you examples with collaboration and efforts, we created and shared our visions. And we received services and assistance that included the Rowe Development, the federal government, obviously, Michigan Economic Development, the--we had a community development grant. We had a downtown enhancement grant through MDOT. We entered the MSHDA program and began administering a MSHDA program within our downtown--our downtown apartment buildings.

All of those people gave the resources from the state and the local and the area and federal government for one purpose. And that purpose was to not just redo the downtown, but to attract other investment and other jobs in order for us to be kind of brought back. Well, that has happened in the downtown. We've had about \$3 million worth of private investment that's been brought in. And now the question is, does it stop there? Well, I don't think that's their intentions for it to stop there. It was to reach out and try to get new investment. This particular group of investors

does just that.

It's a little bit hard to see again. This is the south end. You can see the drawings that are done for the infrastructure plan for the area that is just to the south and east. This area is, indeed, the property that you see in the north that we're discussing there. If we move onto here, this is the plans for that particular area and development. You can see this is the—the core facility, which I'll show you in a minute, the main lodge. These are four large condo complexes along here, again on the upper banks of the river. And single family, multifamily housing with a little resort spa area located in here. And you can see the area that is taken up with that.

Here are some exciting photos. This is a picture of the lodge from the riverside. As you can see, it is what we've been looking for in making Newaygo a destination location as opposed to a drive-through community. We believe that this is exactly what this type of a project will do. And you can see what's been put into these particular rhetorics. This is the front side of that—of that building. This is a picture of the area that you would enter from the—the city side. I guess you'd say the back side of the entrance to the lodge if you want the river to be the front. And here, a picture of the other lodge complex, the separate buildings, again, that will be located on there.

Another important factor here is an overview of that property that is coming all the way through there. And what I wanted to do was show you because here you can see with the property off to the north--north here, this is the property that we're talking about. I wanted to show you that this is the Newaygo River Trail that's being discussed. This is prime and part of this. It is what is going to make or break this part of the project. It is the reason we talked about it being so vital to the project. We wanna combine and tie into our local parks that already exist, which I'll show you an overview in a moment. But that comes from over here. And we wanna tie that walking trail, completely handicap accessible, all down through here with lookouts over the river so that literally from the lodge there would be about a mile-and-ahalf walk up the trail all the way into town so it would actually be tied in there and be continued on from there to the north--to the north of the river.

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This is just an overview picture here. Again, it's a little bit hard to see. But this is the property in question right here. If you were to look at this from an aerial map, you'll notice this is the river, this is the railroad. And our existing trail system is right up through here. That would continue on right down through here along those tracks and along the bank of the river onto the project. You can also notice this is the existing downtown. If you look at the

scenario, it would be amazing to believe that this piece wouldn't be a part of the downtown, looking at it from up above, and that's why we say this would be a perfect combination and compliment to what is being done.

The additional pictures that I have are just a couple of other aerials showing the downtown and a little bit of the--of the bank of the river. But what I wanna share with you is, as I close, is that I think that the important thing for you to consider is that when you follow proper planning, when you utilize collaboration with local governments and with state governments, when you put in a master plan that incorporates something out, when resources are used to redevelop a downtown or an infrastructure that can handle the change and the growth, when that growth comes and when those investments come, we need to embrace those and be able to adopt those.

And what I would ask of you is to--is to approve the request so that we cannot just move forward as a city, but that we can actually reinvent ourselves once again to become a destination community and be able to look at this again as a destination, as opposed to a drive-through community. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Thank you, Mr. Mayor.

Does that conclude the city's presentation?

MR. BUCHANAN: Yes.

MR. ARMSTRONG: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: That's good because your time is over.

MR. BUCHANAN: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: We'll call next Supervisor Suchy for any comments that you might want to make.

MR. SUCHY: It won't take me 20 minutes, but we've got-CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Well, we'll see.

MR. SUCHY: It's possible. When you--when you look at the development, if you look at Garfield Township--if you look at Garfield Township as a rural atmosphere, right here in this area is tied--basically tied right up close to the City of Newaygo. So when you think of development, you would think you would want it on this side of the river. On the other side of the river we're looking more to keep it rural. We wouldn't want a development on that side of the river. We'd like it over here. That's why in the past--what, probably three years we've been working together to try to push this over onto that side. And there's a parcel on the other side that we're trying to work back into the township.

And in conclusion, it only makes sense to follow the city's master plan. It—when I looked at that, I said, somebody did some really good thinking on that. It keeps the development on the south side of the river and pushes it away from our side of the river. And we're standing behind you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Thank you.

Did you wanna rebut that in any way?

MR. BUCHANAN: I don't think so.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Anything--we've got seven minutes, if you want to use those for anything else.

MR. BUCHANAN: No, I think it was--

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: All right. Now, is that other sheet—sign—in sheet, is that back there? We'll call on members of the public that wish to make comments to the Commission. Probably the best thing would be to have you stand up on the podium there, if you would, and point your comments that way. And let's see—oh, Douglas—

MR. DAY: Day.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Douglas Day, you're up.

MR. DAY: I live in the city. And until three years ago
I lived on the city portion of West Main Street for 38 years.

In that time on several occasions I have heard some of the residents there—some of them have changed over the years—say that they did not want to be in the city. However, during that time they have managed to become hooked up to the city water system. And about 25 years ago, when the city decided it wasn't going to plow the streets outside the city, there was a short uproar because that three—300 feet or so that's outside of the city did not get plowed until the city made an arrangement with the county to plow it because the county wouldn't come plow it because it was only 300 feet. Thank

you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: It snows up here, does it?
MR. DAY: Once in a while, yes.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: We'll call next on Pat Hedlund.

MR. HEDLUND: I'm Pat Hedlund. I'm the chief of police for the City of Newaygo. A couple of comments. One of my concerns for this proposed annexation, right now currently in the city along the M-37 corridor, we have several island pieces of township property completely surrounded by city limits. And as you can probably imagine, that creates kind of a nightmare scenario for us.

We have dispatchers, for example, in the county that have been here for 20 years. And they don't know which pieces are in the city and which pieces are not. So when a call goes—goes out for police services, there's always some sort of confusion as to whether or not that address is in the city or not. A couple of examples of that. For example, we had one business that's located in the township. It's an island township property surrounded by the city, yet that business has a city address. On the other hand, we have several businesses that are located in the township, islands of township property. And those—those properties have township addresses. And they are unique and different. And so when you hear a township address over the radio, you know that that's a township address. However, in some cases it may be

in the city or it may not be. Very confusing. If this property were not to be annexed, we would have one more island of township property surrounded by city property for us to try to police. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: I might just respond to that by saying that the Boundary Commission did not--was not aware of that in the initial petition because basically our rules do not allow us to create islands. And generally speaking, our motivation is to correct those when we come across them. But we were not aware of that, so we're not in a position now to-- to act on that. But if another petition from Newaygo comes forward to the Boundary Commission, then we might take those into account.

LOCAL COM. KEMPERMAN: Is he thinking about those 425 units?

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: You're not talking about the 425 additions are you, Mr. Hedlund?

LOCAL COM. KEMPERMAN: Are you dealing with the 425 units, calling those islands?

MR. HEDLUND: No, I don't think so.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: No, they're individual parcels.

MR. HEDLUND: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: That have been existing for some time.

MR. HEDLUND: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. We didn't include those, did 1 2 we? UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It's not included--3 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It's not included in this. 5 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Yeah. Okay. When we--we have a petition come to us, we take those into account and--and then 6 even if they're not petitioned for annexation, the Boundary 7 Commission has the authority to add those to the -- or to expand 8 the area of annexation for purposes of the public hearing. 9 10 we get your testimony on those items so that we all know what we're dealing with. So that may -- that may happen sometime 11 down the road. 12 I'll call next on--13 MS. SUPINSKI: I think that's me. Supinski. 14 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: How would you say that? 15 MS. SUPINSKI: Supinski. 16 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Supinski. Okay. 17 18 MS. SUPINSKI: I'm going to decline. 19 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: You're going to decline. I don't-you know, I might have gotten it, had you printed it. 20 21 MS. SUPINSKI: I'm sorry. CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: 22 Okay. Then we're gonna next Bruce Reiffer. How is that; pretty 23 24 close? 25 MR. REIFFER: That's--either Reefer [phonetic] or

Reiffer.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay.

MR. REIFFER: I'm the owner of the Newaygo Riverbank, the--the developer here.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: I see.

MR. REIFFER: A single member LLC. Hopefully I can get a little more than three minutes. Sometimes it's interesting to get inside the head of the guy behind all this stuff, the vision that I have for it. I have a number of businesses south of here a ways. And I've made enough money on those to—to hopefully see a dream. I'm not very good at public things like this. I——I—

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: [talking over]

MR. REIFFER: Hmm?

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: You don't like public speaking?

MR. REIFFER: No, I'm not--I'm not big on public speaking there. I've declined on other ones, but this one is the most important to me, and I'll tell you why. I'm--I'm the son of a country girl and a city boy. Just blue collar workers. They--my grandparents worked hard with their hands. My grandfather--in fact, he hunted deer until he was 87. If he was still alive, he could still whip my butt.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Did he ever get any?

MR. REIFFER: Oh, yeah, he did. Yes, he did. And as time goes on, as we all know, if you--if you're healthy, it's

kind of a two-edged sword. If you live to be a ripe old age, you inevitably find yourself in a nursing home. And the nursing home that they were in, it was clean, but it was this—it was these four walls right here.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Oh, really?

MR. REIFFER: Four--you know, if the Alzheimer's didn't get you, I'll tell you that them four walls would. The vision for this here development, if you could go back to the pod, one of the condo units right--

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay.

MR. REIFFER: The next one.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That one?

MR. REIFFER: The other one actually. There's two shots.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: There you go.

MR. REIFFER: This one right there. This is gonna be the same thing that the progressive care center will look like on this section to be annexed. You're going to be able to look outside this window. Every suite will have a view of this beautiful river. Inside will be aquariums where you will have—about the size of this here back wall where you'll have, you know, trout, blue gills, salmon. You'll have deer. We've got deer on this property. We've got wild turkey. What a way to see the last of your days, huh? To reserve, you know, a taste of heaven for those that have given us so much. And that's—that's—that's the part that I'm passionate about.

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I've gotten a lot of--this [unclear] I'm just--this is--this is my heart right here. My parents--my grandparents are long This is a dream for them. So thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Thank you.

Charles Benham.

MR. BENHAM: Right here.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Good reason to stay in the township.

MR. BENHAM: My name is Charles Benham. I live at 625 West Main. I'm part of AR-01. And we have opposed this. And I'm going to give you some history.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: AR-01 is--what is that?

MR. BENHAM: Main Street, 06-AR-1. The petition.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Oh, I'm sorry. I've got you. sorry.

MR. BENHAM: I'm gonna give you a little history of how we got here. First of all, when this started, the developer had purchased 138 acres landlocked. No access, except for a little easement. So usually an annexation works between the owners, the township and the city. And he wanted services, and the city would not provide them to him unless this was annexed.

So I called--got an attorney, Mr. Fahey [phonetic]. told us to referendum, so we did that. There were about 40 pieces of property on this. We submitted the referendum and got an election. We won our election by 82 percent. Okay. That was the 20 percent. The next time we tried it, it was the 50 percent of the property owners. So we called the attorney again, got a hold of Mr. Fahey. Seven referendums. They divided this up into seven referendums. So we found a way again. I took him to the township meeting to submit them and they terminated the agreement because we found a way to referendum.

So now here we are in direct annexation. I do have city water. They do go outside the city limits, like counsel said. We all have city water. I just put it in three years ago. There are many ways to supply that developer the utilities they want without annexation. Sell their services. What's wrong with that? Nothing. I have another map here that shows the first piece of the property, which—let me get that for a second.

I'll use this. This is the first section here that he's talking about. This is the sewer. And right here is the city where they could access. And I don't know why they want me-or any of that property. The second pat that you're talking about, us, is a dead-end street. It was disconnected from the city in '42.

So in our third attempt they come to an agreement to annex this part, this, this and this. So since that went through in the second referendum, the developer has to come in

and purchase part of this and run it into the city. But again, they have access here. And their plans for the road, right here, is access in and out. They go down to that whole thing. And I don't even know, has that been purchased yet?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes--I don't know.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It's pending.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Keep your remarks—keep your remarks to the Commission.

MR. BENHAM: Okay. I think it's still pending. The first check bounced. Okay. So there's absolutely--

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. Before you put that away, will you point out to us roughly where is the area proposed for annexation now?

MR. BENHAM: Not here. Right here in the orange. That's my partition.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay.

MR. BENHAM: This is a dead-end street. And this is the other property they're trying to--to purchase, but they haven't. So the--I don't know what they're going to do with the river. I don't even know if they can get down there for the water. This is, like I say, 65 years--the three of us all volunteered to get the dead-end street [unclear] services and stuff. The intersection, they currently--they plow and close one lane on us. They fired police. We have all that.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can you point to where your house

would be on Main Street, sir?

MR. REIFFER: Right here.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. You're right up toward 37 then or are you about half-way down?

MR. REIFFER: This is right here, yes.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay.

MR. REIFFER: It's on a hill and a curve. And the DOT, as far as I understand, said it couldn't handle that much more traffic. I also wanted to talk about is Mr. Suchy was talking about another 425 [inaudible--shuffling papers] right across from there. Here's the petition. All this in the area, it's going back to the township and the city right now. So if all these people did was sign a letter to go and they're gonna--I don't know if they agreed yet or not--

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Excuse me?

MR. REIFFER: It was presented at the township. It's not--

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: We'll get back to that.

MR. REIFFER: Well, I have that. It was presented to the township. And this part was part of our second referendum that they terminated. So all I'm gonna say is I'm doing what the people have chosen. And they have said no. There are other ways to do this. I've gained nothing. My millage is about 4.5 right now. If I got into the city, it's 18.1. Fifty-one percent increase in my taxes. The city offered us a

five-year deal for taxes, seven on the sewer. At the most, 425s here at 15, 20, 25 years. And I don't know how long this project is supposed to take, but I think there's a lot more to work with.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: All right. Thank you, Mr. Benham. Call next on Wayne Bumstead.

MR. BUMSTEAD: I'm gonna decline that right now.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. Then Scott Faulkner.

MR. FAULKNER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I am Scott Faulkner. My wife and I own two businesses in downtown Newaygo. A couple of points. First of all, I'm glad our last speaker brought up the notion that there's a tax issue involved. It's the 600-pound gorilla that no one wants to talk about. Obviously those that have properties that are in islands right now are going to be affected by the higher tax rate. That's just the—the present reality that they have to deal with. But the sweeter the deal remains for them, the raw—the rawer the deal becomes for those of us that live in the city and pay those taxes now.

And the islands of property are simply unfair to other businesses that pay their fair share and support the services that they enjoy. So it's our--our understanding, particularly part of the principal shopping district downtown, we are very much in favor, particularly of the economic development of the parcel, of the Riverbank project, and to drive more jobs into

the city so that we can continue on our improvements that we began three or four years ago. So I just wanted to voice our--our support of the annexation as it's proposed. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Thank you, Mr. Faulkner.

Next I'll call on Andy. Is it Andy?

MR. LOFGREN: It is.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Andy Lofgren?

MR. LOFGREN: Lofgren, yes.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Well, you write better than I thought you did.

MR. LOFGREN: Lucky for you. Thank you for the opportunity to speak here today. I wanna talk just a little bit. My name is Andy Lofgren. I'm the--I'm the executive director of the Newaygo County Economic Development Office.

And I'm pleased to be here to talk about the--particularly about the economic impact of the development in question here.

As you know, statewide manufacturing has been a difficult time through the state of Michigan. And economic development offices like ours in communities like the City of Newaygo and all communities in our—in our great county are looking for ways to diversify our economic base. And one of the others that we look at is particularly the natural resources that this community is blessed with as a way to capitalize on those opportunities here.

bring more additional people into our community to really really come here to visit, but also ways to come in and invest here. If you're looking for good news in the state of Michigan, I suggest you look no further than the city of Newaygo. I think it's--if--if there's a true success story in the state, it's--it's right here. You're looking at it here. They've done exactly what--as--as the mayor pointed out, laid out in the governor's plans and the previous administration. What they wanna see happen in Michigan is to have smart growth and bring people back into the communities and to do it in a planned and reasonable way to allow for additional growth to happen in our communities.

As I said, tourism is a very important industry for us here in Newaygo County. It's an industry that we also think has a great deal of potential to be even stronger. Like I said, there's two benefits to tourism. Number 1 is the direct benefit that brings people into your community and they spend money here in our community. And that's a great benefit to us. And tourism is—is one other economic industry.

But the other one is the interact benefit that happens when you bring people to your community and they see—they see the wonderful people that are here, they see the wonderful assets that are here in our community. It's our best brochure. If I can get people to come here and spend the

night here, the odds of them coming here and investing here are greatly increased. And I think Michigan needs more of that. And I know that our community needs more of that.

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We are trying to--this project that you're looking at here truly is a unique project. It's one of a kind, not only just for this county, but really for the state of Michigan.

And we're absolutely thrilled that because of the city's past success, that this kind of opportunity can come here to

Newaygo now and continue to expand on opportunities that bring people to our community. And it greatly benefits not only the job, the economic base. I think we're talking at least a minimum of 80 jobs. With the lodging, I'm sure it's much greater than that. But the interact benefit will be--it will be great as well.

Now, the reality is that developments like this kind of development needs utilities. And they need the kinds of infrastructure that, frankly, only cities can provide. And along those lines, you know, one of the things that we also do as an economic development office is work closely with our communities on ways that we can continue to improve their infrastructure. And the mayor touched on some of the things that have been done downtown. But we're also actively working right now with several federal and state agencies to improve the infrastructure in the city of Newaygo to allow for—to accommodate for the kinds of development opportunities that

are coming, like this one that you're looking at up on the wall right now. So we're looking at several angles. We're working—we're working with the Department of Economic Development Administration, a federal organization, we're working with—the Michigan Economic Development Corporation is interested in supporting this project. We've applied for money from the Michigan Department of Natural Resources for that great trail that you saw that's gonna provide universal accessibility for all of our—all of our residents and visitors. And we're also working with the foundation—through the Kellogg foundation, an opportunity to provide some funding for that trail. It's really gonna be a great opportunity for this community.

The mayor kinda touched on one of the notes I made here before. I truly believe that communities have a once in a lifetime—a once—in—a—generation opportunity to re—to recreate themselves. He said reinvent themselves. And I think you're looking at this opportunity. Not just for the benefit of the City of Newaygo, but for our entire community. And frankly, the state of Michigan could use a little good news and could use the support people like this are willing to invest with our resources in our community to move our—our—our community forward. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Thank you, Mr. Lofgren.

Next we'll call on Libby Cherin.

MS. CHERIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I am Libby Cherin. I am the president and CEO of Fremont Area Community

Foundation. We are a philanthropic grant-making organization that serves the entire County of Newaygo mainly through our grant-making program. And we're here to improve the quality of life in the County of Newaygo. And one of our--our areas of interest is economic development. We have worked with several cities, we have worked with many townships. And we really appreciate the opportunity to work with municipalities to bring forward this agenda.

And we wanna tell you how pleased we have been to work with the City of Newaygo over the past several years on some very exciting projects that we have provided a bit of grant money for and they have provided the leadership and the expertise and the talent. And we want you to know that the city is just terrific in their ability to craft a vision and move that forward, implement wonderful projects and provide impeccable accountability to an organization like ours. In other words, the expertise is there. They follow through. They do get things done.

We wanted to also put forth a couple of examples of projects on which we have worked with on the City of Newaygo.

Among other municipalities, including the three surrounding townships, Garfield being one of them, one is called the Partnerships for Change that resulted in the Newaygo Community

Recreation Authority, which is integrally involved in this
Newaygo Riverbank project, as you well know. It is a
wonderful organization that will be able to forward
recreational projects for many, many years to come. We have
been pleased to work with Newaygo in their downtown
revitalization program and public art kinds of programs, as
well as the clock that is downtown.

And now looking forward, our board has now committed \$200,000.00 for enhancement of the trail that you've heard about before. We are very excited about having a piece of that and working again with the city. And just today we are very pleased to be supporting a grant to the Access to Recreation project. You've heard about this. It would provide what is called universal access to the trail along with the river. Again, connecting the Riverbank project to the already existing park that is there.

So in closing, I would like to say we would like to offer these comments in support of annexation so that we can move forward with these very exciting projects that will enhance quality of life here, not only for the residents, but our visitors as well. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Thank you, Ms. Cherin.

Now is there anyone to address the Commission at this point? And your name, sir, is?

MR. BEERMAN: My name is Ken Beerman.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Say it again.

MR. BEERMAN: Kenneth Beerman.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Kenneth Beerman. Got it.

MR. BEERMAN: Two E's, Beerman.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: I can spell the first name okay.

All right.

MR. BEERMAN: I own a home both inside the city of Newaygo and a home in Garfield Township. But more importantly, I'm a local business man. I'm a licensed mechanical contractor. And I'd just like to state about the impact of this project. I've seen many developments come into this area. And I haven't seen local contractors working on This project, I can tell you, I don't think there's a general contractor in the area big enough to handle this contract. So they'll go outside the town to get a general contractor, who in turn will bring out-of-town subcontractors. So the millions of dollars immediately invested into this project over the next several years, every dime of it is going out of this town. What we're left with are the \$7.00-an-hour jobs to go in and clean the rooms and mow the lawns and stuff. I don't see where that's a huge impact on this town. you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Thank you.

Anyone else?

[No Verbal Response]

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CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Then we'll turn back to your comments, Mr. Mayor, on your response to Mr. Benham's comments. Did you wanna--

MR. ARMSTRONG: Rich, I'm gonna defer to you on that one.

MR. BLACHFORD: Charlie was thinking—we have different

annexations with the Garfield Township. We've been working

back and forth for about three years collectively. The last

one that he was talking about I have not heard of. The piece

that he held up, that land, what we did was we were going to

do a property swap because up on the hill—why don't you go

back to—yeah, right here. This property in here, right here,

is basically all farm land up in here. And what we did is we

[CD 1 Ends]

took some land--

[CD 2 Begins]

MR. BLACHFORD: --and was going to do a property swap.

And that was turned down. The board agreed to it--our boards agreed to it. And that was going--that had went for referendum. We also got two islands that have been--

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: The referendum is in the township or the city--

MR. BLACHFORD: The referendum, yes, was in the ownership, had nothing to do with the city.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay.

MR. BLACHFORD: Okay. The two--this is the--the two

islands. This is what we're talking about that is surrounded by the city. It's got a 425 here. You folks addressed it.

There was a technicality on a--on a road--on M-37.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Yes.

MR. BLACHFORD: And we're going to be coming back on that at a later date. But this is the other island. When Pat Hedlund talked and spoke, that's what he was talking about. For example, as you come up M-37, it's Mason Drive--excuse me, it's Adams. When you get to the township, it's Mason. We get calls to the B and F. The--we don't know for sure if the--911 don't know who to send, whether they send a sheriff or our police department. So it does create problems when you have these certain islands. All this area is a very vital part. This is our whole business community right here. It's a very vital part of our entire city.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Mr. Chairman, right where this--just to the west of the detention base, wherever that is, is there another island?

MR. BLACHFORD: Where; here?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: There's an island there as well.

MR. BLACHFORD: Here?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Just north of that. And west of the basin.

MR. BLACHFORD: Here?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Are you talking up in this area

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, it's--

MR. BLACHFORD: This was the first piece here.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And I have--we're showing it as Clair Township area. It appears to--right by the neck.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: A couple of little parcels in there.

MR. BLACHFORD: That's the sewer plant.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And that's not--

MR. BLACHFORD: That's what it was. This was--what we did when we built the sewer plant, 1960 to 1969, we annexed this piece right in here. And the city failed to annex one-fourth of our sewer plant. And so until we brought all this in on a P-425, one-fourth of our sewer plant was always in the township. When the annexation was done, and the P-425 on this piece of property in '69--or excuse me, '89, it was never done properly. So one-fourth of our sewer plant was always in the ownership until about eight months ago when we took the P-425 and brought in those 228 acres.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: And is that--

MR. BLACHFORD: That's what you're looking at.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Is that a permanent annexation?

MR. BLACHFORD: Yes, it is.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: So at--

MR. BLACHFORD: Well, yes, it's a permanent. At the end

1	of 25 years it's permanent.											
2	CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. All right.											
3	MR. BLACHFORD: Yes, it is.											
4	CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. Now I wouldthe next, yes,											
5	Mr											
6	[Talking Over]											
7	CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: You may comment if you'd like, yes.											
8	MR. BENHAM: Thank you. What he's talking about, and I											
9	have the agreements here with the signatures of the people.											
10	All this property goes right up to here.											
11	CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Pardon me?											
12	MR. BENHAM: All that property you're talking about in											
13	425 is right in here.											
14	CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: The property exchange?											
15	MR. BENHAM: Yes.											
16	CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Yeah. Yes. Thank you.											
17	Yes, Mr. Suchy.											
18	MR. SUCHY: That paper was presented to me and I											
19	presented it to the board. It is a request for them property											
20	owners to be annexed back into the township. There's nothing											
21	cut in stone. It's just a request. We have not had a sit-											
22	down meeting yet on it.											
23	CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: I see.											
24	MR. SUCHY: So it is not											
25	[Talking Over]											
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CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Mr. Benham, speak to the chair, if 1 you would. 2 MR. SUCHY: It has not--nothing has been--3 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. That's not--that's not at 4 5 issue--MR. SUCHY: Not an issue, no. 6 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: That's not an issue here, nothing 7 we can do about that at the moment anyway. And with that item 8 thing, if that's covered by 425, we needn't be concerned about 9 that. 10 Which one? MR. BLACHFORD: 11 The one by the sewer plant, yeah. CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: 12 MR. BLACHFORD: Yeah, that was--yeah, that--there's 13 nothing -- that has all been annexed in now. 14 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Yeah, the other one you can--you 15 can come back to it, address the Commission --16 MR. BLACHFORD: Exactly. 17 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: -- at some point if you'd like, 18 19 yeah. Now I'd like to go to the next phase of our public 20 hearing and call on the commissioners and ask if they have any 21 questions. And Commissioner Arch, you have--22 23 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Ochs. 24 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Ochs, I'm sorry. Yes. 25 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Would you have any--

LOCAL COM. OCHS: I have a question to either the township, city or Mr. Benham. You mentioned that this area was disconnected from the city in 1942. I'd like to hear a little bit more of the hows and the whys if anybody knows.

MR. BENHAM: Circuit court.

LOCAL COM. OCHS: In their infinite wisdom in 1942 they disconnected from the city?

MR. BENHAM: 83.55 acres.

LOCAL COM. OCHS: Okay. I just wanted to know that once upon a time it was in the city?

MR. BENHAM: Correct.

LOCAL COM. OCHS: Okay.

MR. BLACHFORD: And we have never-we were never able to find that, but we know that it was detached at some time. We thought it was at some time when the city became a city. So I would not doubt that that's probably--

LOCAL COM. OCHS: But you found it.

MR. BENHAM: Yeah, it was in my--

LOCAL COM. OCHS: Okay. Thank you. I just, for the record, wanted to know it was there once upon a time.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Any other questions, Mr. Ochs?

LOCAL COM. OCHS: Not from me.

LOCAL COM. KEMPERMAN: With this annexation, can we give them anything other than higher taxes?

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: You're addressing the -- who are you addressing that question to?

LOCAL COM. KEMPERMAN: Probably the city.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. Don't--don't address it to the chair.

LOCAL COM. KEMPERMAN: Oh, you won't promise them anything.

MR. BLACHFORD: Your question was can we give them anything other than higher taxes? With this development we hope to lower--

[Talking Over]

MR. BLACHFORD: --one of the benefits. Go back to the sewer map. Right here. Our water stops right here. Mr. Benham said he hooked on three years ago. We have no idea how the line was ran from this fire hydrant on into these three homes. But that was done about 25 years ago to the last house. We do not retain that. Okay. Now, I was unaware a [unclear] was done, that that was done. We have never allowed anybody and we never supplied services, but we will supply the services to this entire—we have also supplied police coverage. The other thing is roads.

Right now, for example, there is no way that Garfield
Township has a road commission or can pay for the plowing or
any upkeep on roads. We have another area of town that is
next to the city that's in Garfield Township that the county

won't even go in through that they're trying to get us to come in and help to--to do road service. We've got a complete street department, road department, police department. We feel we give excellent services as a city to all of our residents. And as a group, I think one of our businessmen said, we're in this together, we've gotta bring out taxes down collectively. And that's where we're headed with this with the new development.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Mr. Priebe, any questions?

STATE COM. PRIEBE: More housekeeping than anything. We have before us--all of us up here do--Act 191 questionnaires. And on them we're showing that the acreage of the site is 75.9 and 88. And then we just heard 83.55. How many acres is this site?

MR. BLACHFORD: At first I think the area--the area of the property is 77.2. And then there's three lots, plus one of them is a pretty good size lot. So I wouldn't doubt the total package would be right about 80--what did Mr. Benham say; 88?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Eighty-three.

STATE COM. PRIEBE: Eighty-three?

MR. BENHAM: Just a second. I'll tell you. It's in here, 83.55.

MR. BLACHFORD: I--I would not doubt that is correct.

STATE COM. PRIEBE: Assuming that meets part of the test, we have to have--you know, of a legal nature, I have to tell you, first of all, from what I'm seeing, great job, City. And Mr. Dutch, is it?

MR. SUCHY: Suchy.

STATE COM. PRIEBE: Suchy. I'm sorry. I appreciate the fact that as a township guy you're kinda sticking your neck out to do what is, from my point of view, appears to be the right thing for the community. And the community isn't necessarily the township or the city, but the general community. The fact that the two of you are working together, coming from the Detroit area, right on, guys.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Any other questions--Commissioners, any other questions?

LOCAL COM. OCHS: How many property owners are affected-or own in this area? Is it what I'm seeing here; six,
including the railroad?

MR. BLACHFORD: Besides the Puff property, there are three other property owners.

LOCAL COM. OCHS: Okay.

MR. BLACHFORD: And then the railroad has a small piece.

LOCAL COM. OCHS: This map shows that there's six owners. That's--yeah.

MR. BLACHFORD: I believe there's three besides the Puff, five with the railroad.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, there's one piece that 1 actually belongs to somebody in the city--2 MR. BLACHFORD: Oh, correct. 3 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, the one--the lot that is 5 split--LOCAL COM. OCHS: Okay. 6 7 MR. BLACHFORD: [talking over] split lot. Excuse me. That is the sixth one. 8 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: That is part in the city and part 9 10 in the township? 11 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes, that one lot is--was--when it was split up, half of the lot--it was split triangularly, and 12 one part was left in the city and the other part was left in 13 14 the township. 15 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. 16 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And basically that lot -- that plot, 17 that was the end of the plot of the city's when that was 18 split. 19 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Now, Mr. Benham, are you suggesting 20 that it was something other than six? 21 MR. BENHAM: Right. When this first started, there was 22 34. 23 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Thirty-four. 24 MR. BENHAM: Thirty-four lot numbers here. 25 CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Oh, lot numbers.

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MR. BENHAM: Yes. And there was one, two, three, four, five, six--I wanna say plus the other area, there was probably almost 20.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Plus what other area?

MR. BENHAM: The--when they did the first one they included--

MR. BLACHFORD: The rest of that's been--

MR. BENHAM: [talking over] and that's where all this stuff comes from, because there was properties down there.

On the same housecleaning issues that you MR. ARMSTRONG: were talking about, we attempted with the 425 to bring all these islands and all this space in at the same time under an agreement to avoid the annexation issues. And that ended up with the property owners going to a referendum and was voted on by Garfield Township and was -- and was defeated. Therefore, we had to go back and handle each area separately. He's talking about the initial plan for the 425, which included all those property owners and islands that existed. The part we're referring to now is the correct amount of six. addition to that, the 425 that you saw, the south, was also part of that, which is now part of the city under a 425. it's going back in history, talking about our attempts to do it all--

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: So we're looking at--we're looking at the parcel in question.

MR. BENHAM:

Okay. I would--

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do. And do you agree that that's six--

And that's all--that's all we can

MR. ARMSTRONG: Yeah, I think there's four--four parcels now.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Four parcels. Okay.

MR. ARMSTRONG: And the railroad would be five.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Now is there anyone else who is a member--who is an owner of one of those parcels that wants to address the Commission?

MS. WEBBER: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG:

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. And you're a resident of one of those parcels, is that right?

MS. WEBBER: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay.

MR. ARMSTRONG: The only other thing I'd like to mention when you talked, again, about housekeeping, and I live on the river is—and I think Norm actually could answer this a little bit. And the only reason I say that is it—a lot of those times those acreages are estimated. And the reason is, is that their—their distance to the river with changing banks and so on over history doesn't allow a lot of time for pins to be at the river. If you go to the river's edge, it changes those. So you often estimate that I own 12 acres, when in essence, by error I might own 15. It's—it's really difficult

 to tell. So because that's a river piece, I think that's where the discrepancies—and if it's 77 or 74 and a half, I don't know whether or not all of those have been surveyed from the river's edge throughout or not.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's true, what you just said.

And it does change because like in '86, a lot of the parts of the river change immensely and either gained or loss, depending on what side of the river you were on.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: I should point out our state surveyor, in a situation that we encountered last week, reminded the surveyor describing the petition that we should include the bottomlands in the survey. And typically the bottomlands run through the center of the water. And then from the other side that way so that we, in fact, get that acreage. But we're not—we're not disputing in any way the description of this property at that point. And so that acreage don't matter a whole lot.

Any other questions? Any other comments?

LOCAL COM. OCHS: The only other question I might have is out of the four parcels involved, besides Mr. Benham, is anybody else opposed to annexation?

MR. BENHAM: Yes. I have a new neighbor that was--the house was empty a year and a half while this was going on. The new neighbors have been there less than a year.

They—they don't even know what's going on. The neighbors to the west of me have been there for better than 40 years. I've been there 22. The other neighbors have a little sliver there. The folks—well, Doug Day's property, they've only been there a couple years. I've been down here—he's been down talking to me about it. And I thought maybe she would come today. She's on the planning commission for the city [unclear] 77. She was in favor of not going into the city, but she had been approached with big money and she's sitting on it. And I guess that's basically pending. But in the beginning she did not want to be in the city.

LOCAL COM. OCHS: All right. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Yes, ma'am.

MS. WEBBER: I'm Dorothy Webber.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Your name is?

MS. WEBBER: Dorothy Webber.

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Dorothy Webber.

MS. WEBBER: And I own property in the city. I don't live in the city. But my question is, with all homes--and I need to know this--

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Address your remarks to the Commission, please.

MS. WEBBER: I need to know how many homes are for sale in the city and presently. And with all the homes that are for sale in the city presently, why would the city bring more

homes when they can't--when people have homes up for sale for two or three years and can't sell them because nobody wants to leave--live in the city of Newaygo because of the high tax base and because of all the problems that we have in the city? And we don't live in the city. And if you don't live in the city, you don't know the problems that the city people have. And--and why would you bring more homes in when you can't even sell the homes that are there?

CHAIRPERSON VERBURG: Okay. Thank you.

I'd like to thank all of you for attending this—this public hearing and for your—your comments. And as I indicated, there's a—there will be a 30-day period during which time you can write the Commission. And it's—again, it's on that orange sheet, the directions. And you or others who were not here that wish to make some remarks to the Commission can write us a letter. The commissioners will all get a copy of that and read that, so it will be part of the consideration.

And then as we indicated, that 30-day material will go out and there will be opportunity for people who asked to have that 30-day material sent to them, they can comment on that material if they'd like. And probably in August or thereabouts, the Commission will again convene. And we will act on that—on that material that we—that you have had an opportunity to bring to us. With that, I will declare the

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STATE OF MICHIGAN)
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COUNTY OF INGHAM)

I HEREBY CERTIFY that this transcript, consisting of 59 pages, is a complete, true and correct transcript of the proceedings recorded on Thursday, April 26, 2007 in Newaygo, Michigan in the matter of Docket Number 06-AR-01, the Proposed Annexation of Certain Territory in Garfield Township to the City of Newaygo.

JoEllen Byrne, CER 7242

DATED: May 7, 2007